

## EXTENDED RESPONSE, Ch.9 Review

Q1(a) To calculate  $(f \circ g)'(1)$  we must first find an expression for  $(f \circ g)'(x)$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \text{By chain rule, } (f \circ g)'(x) &= \frac{d}{dx} (f(g(x))) \\ &= f'(g(x)) \times g'(x) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore (f \circ g)'(1) &= f'(g(1)) \times g'(1) \\ &= f'(-1) \times -2 \\ &= 2 \times -2 \\ &= -4 \end{aligned}$$

(ii)  $(g \circ f)'(1)$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{By Chain Rule: } \frac{d}{dx} (g \circ f) &= \frac{d}{dx} (g(f(x))) \\ &= g'(f(x)) \times f'(x) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore (g \circ f)'(1) &= g'(f(1)) \times f'(1) \\ &= g'(6) \times 6 \\ &= -1 \times 6 = -6 \end{aligned}$$

(iii)  $(fg)'(1)$

$$\text{By Product Rule: } \frac{d}{dx} (fg) = f'g + g'f$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore (fg)'(1) &= f'(1) \times g(1) + g'(1) \times f(1) \\ &= 6 \times -1 + -2 \times 6 \\ &= -18 \end{aligned}$$

$$(iv) (gf)'(1) = (fg)'(1) = -18$$

$$(v) \left(\frac{f}{g}\right)'(1)$$

$$\text{By Quotient Rule: } \left(\frac{f}{g}\right)'(x) = \frac{gf' - fg'}{g^2}$$

$$\therefore \left(\frac{f}{g}\right)'(1) = \frac{g(1) \times f'(1) - f(1) \times g'(1)}{[g(1)]^2}$$

$$= \frac{-1 \times 6 - 6 \times -2}{(-1)^2}$$

$$= \frac{-6 - (-12)}{1} = 6$$

$$(vi) \left(\frac{g}{f}\right)'(1)$$

By Quotient Rule:

$$\left(\frac{g}{f}\right)'(x) = \frac{fg' - gf'}{f^2}$$

$$\therefore \left(\frac{g}{f}\right)'(1) = \frac{f(1) \times g'(1) - g(1) \times f'(1)}{[f(1)]^2}$$

$$= \frac{-6}{(6)^2}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{6}$$

Q 1 (b)

$$f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$$

$$\text{Given: } f(1) = 6, f(-1) = 8, f'(1) = 6, f'(-1) = 2$$

$$f'(x) = 3ax^2 + 2bx + c$$

$$\therefore 6 = a + b + c + d \quad (1)$$

$$8 = -a + b - c + d \quad (2)$$

$$6 = 3a + 2b + c \quad (3)$$

$$2 = 3a - 2b + c \quad (4)$$

Solving on CAS gives:

$$a = \frac{5}{2}, b = 1, c = -\frac{7}{2}, d = 6$$