

Question 1

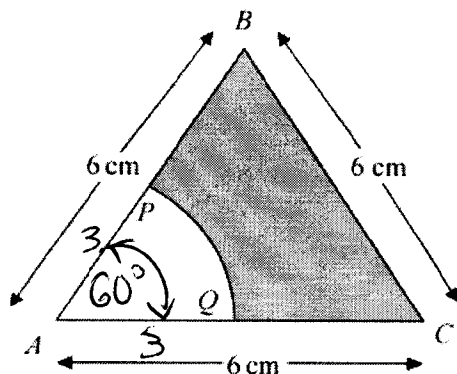


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

The diagram shows an equilateral triangle  $ABC$  with sides of length 6 cm.

$P$  is the midpoint of  $AB$ .

$Q$  is the midpoint of  $AC$ .

$APQ$  is a sector of a circle, centre  $A$ .

Calculate the area of the shaded region.

Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= A_{\text{triangle}} - A_{\text{sector}} \\
 &= 15.5885 - 4.7124 \text{ m}^2 \\
 &= 10.876 \text{ m}^2 \approx 10.9 \text{ m}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$A_{\text{triangle}}$

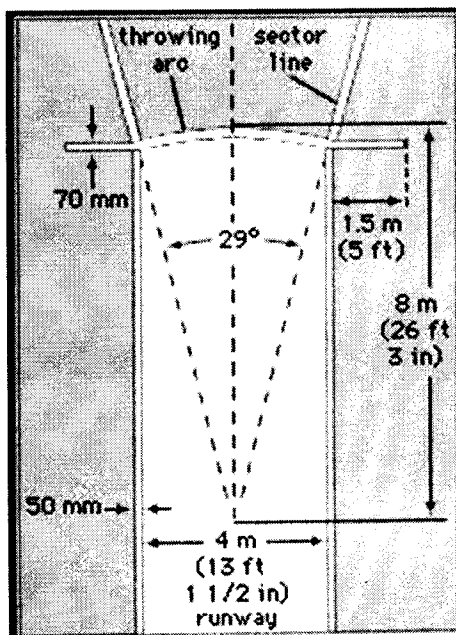
$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= \frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 6 \sin(60^\circ) \\
 &= 15.5885 \text{ m}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A_{\text{sector}} &= \frac{\pi \times 60}{360} \times 3^2 \\
 &= 4.7124 \text{ m}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

2 marks

Question 2

The throwing area for the javelin in an athletics competition is a sector with a radius of 8 m and an angle at the centre of  $29^\circ$



- a. Calculate the area of the sector, in square metres, correct to four significant figures.

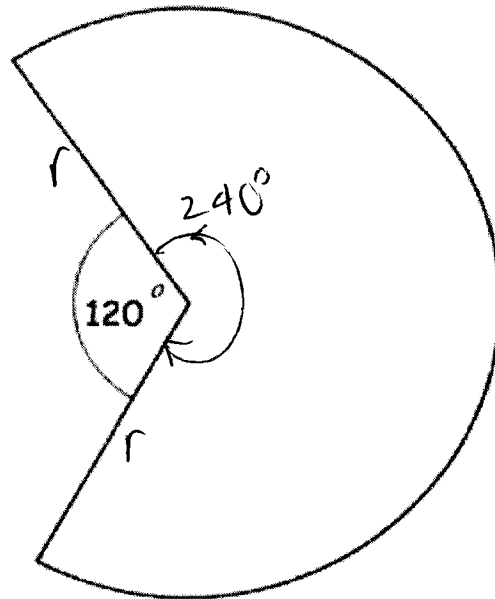
$$A = \frac{\pi r^2 \theta}{360} = \frac{\pi \times 8^2 \times 29}{360} \approx 16.20 \text{ m}^2$$

- b. Calculate the length of the throwing arc in metres, correct to two decimal places.

$$\begin{aligned}
 L &= \frac{\pi r \times \theta}{180} \\
 &= \frac{\pi \times 8 \times 29}{180} \\
 &= 4.05 \text{ m}
 \end{aligned}$$

2 marks

Question 3



The area of the major sector is 180cm<sup>2</sup>.

Calculate the perimeter of the major sector.  
Give your answer to 1 decimal place.

$$\frac{\pi r^2 \theta}{360} = 180$$

$$\therefore \frac{\pi \times r^2 \times 240}{360} = 180$$

Solve for r:

$$r = 9.27058 \text{ cm}$$

4 marks

$$P = \frac{\pi r \theta}{180} + r + r$$

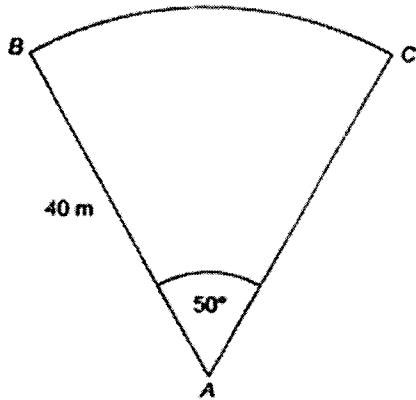
$$= \frac{\pi \times 9.27058 \times 240}{180} + 2 \times 9.27058$$

$$= 57.4 \text{ cm}$$

#### Question 4

Fred is marking out the sector of a circle on a sports field as shown. He puts tape around the perimeter. Tape comes in 3 m rolls.

How many rolls does he need? Show all your reasoning.



$$\begin{aligned} P &= 2 \times 40 + \frac{\pi r \theta}{180} \\ &= 80 + \frac{\pi \times 40 \times 50}{180} \text{ m} \\ &= 114.9066 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

2 marks

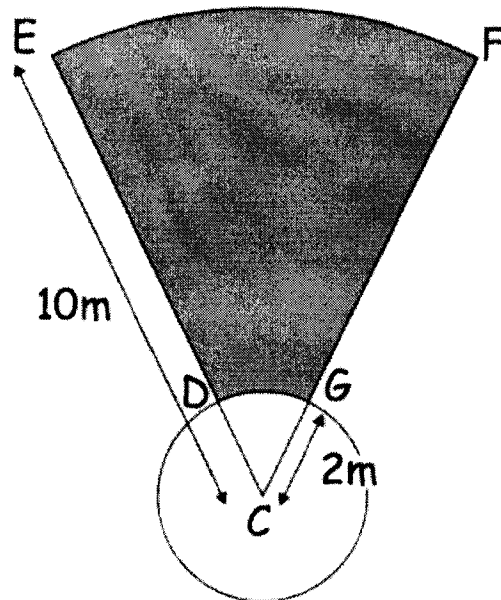
$$114.9066 \div 3 = 38.3$$

$\therefore$  39 rolls will be required.

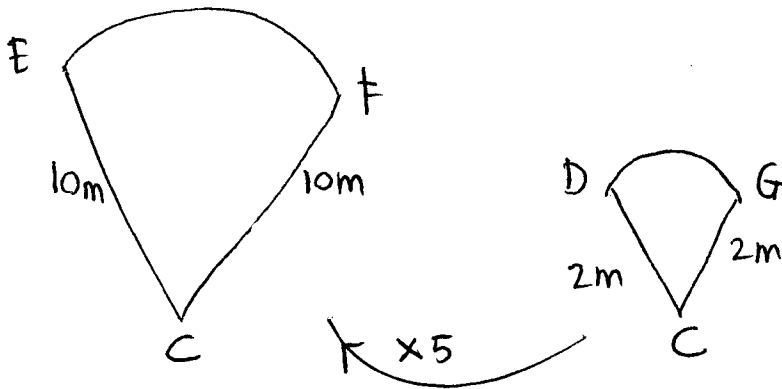
Question 5

The shot putt throwing area, on a school's sport field, is formed from the sectors of two circles with centre C.

The area of sector CDG is  $1.2\text{m}^2$ .



Calculate the area of the shaded region.  
Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.



2 marks

These are similar shapes

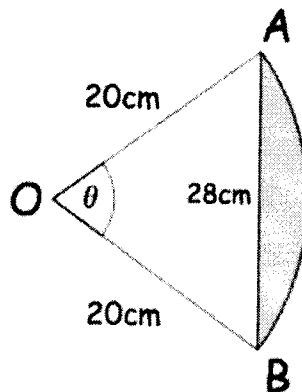
$$k=5 \quad \therefore k^2=25$$

$$\text{Area of } CEF = 25 \times 1.2 \text{ m}^2 = 30 \text{ m}^2$$

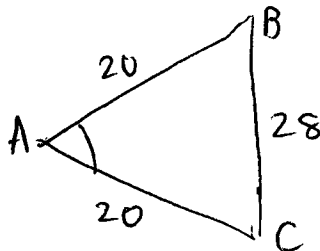
$$\begin{aligned} \therefore \text{Shaded area} &= 30 - 1.2 \text{ m}^2 \\ &= 28.8 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Question 6

The diagram shows a triangle OAB and the arc AB of a circle whose centre is O and whose radius is 20cm.



- (a) Find the size of the angle  $\theta$ .



$$\cos(A) = \frac{20^2 + 20^2 - 28^2}{2 \times 20^2}$$

$$\therefore A = \cos^{-1} \left( \frac{20^2 + 20^2 - 28^2}{2 \times 20^2} \right) = 88.85^\circ \quad (3)$$

- (b) Find the length of the ~~arc~~ chord AB.

$$L = \frac{\pi r \theta}{180} = \frac{\pi \times 20 \times 88.85}{180} = 31.02 \text{ cm} \quad (3)$$

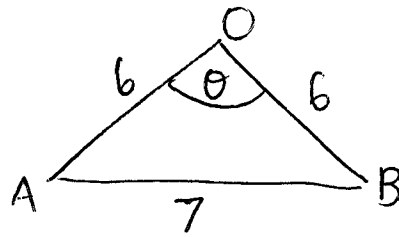
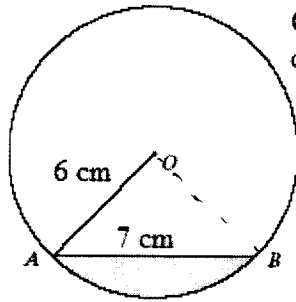
- (c) Find the area of the shaded segment to the nearest  $\text{cm}^2$ .

$$\begin{aligned} A_{\text{segment}} &= A_{\text{sector}} - A_{\text{triangle}} \\ &= \frac{\pi r^2 \theta}{360} - \frac{1}{2} r^2 \sin(\theta) \\ &= \frac{\pi \times 20^2 \times 88.85}{360} - 0.5 \times 20^2 \sin(88.85^\circ) \\ &= 110.199 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &\approx 110 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

Question 7

$AB$  is a chord of a circle, centre  $O$ , radius 6 cm.  $AB = 7$  cm  
Calculate the area of the shaded segment. (6 marks)

Give your answer to the nearest square cm.



$$\begin{aligned} A_{\text{segment}} &= A_{\text{sector}} - A_{\text{triangle}} \\ &= \frac{\pi r^2 \theta}{360} - \frac{1}{2} r^2 \sin(\theta) \\ &= \frac{\pi \times 6^2 \times 71.371}{360} - 0.5 \times 6^2 \sin(71.371) \\ &= 5.36 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos(\theta) &= \frac{6^2 + 6^2 - 7^2}{2 \times 6^2} \\ \theta &= \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{6^2 + 6^2 - 7^2}{2 \times 6^2}\right) \\ \theta &= 71.371^\circ \end{aligned}$$

Question 8

3 marks

Find the area of the segment APB shown in Fig 4, if radius of circle is 14cm and the central angle is  $60^\circ$ .

Also, find the area of the corresponding major segment.

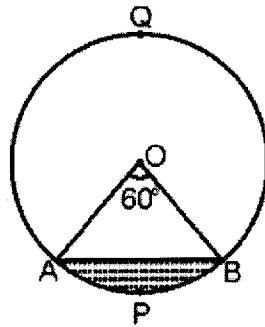


FIG. 4

$$\begin{aligned} A_{\text{segment}} &= \frac{\pi r^2 \theta}{360} - \frac{1}{2} r^2 \sin(\theta) \\ &= \frac{\pi \times 14^2 \times 60}{360} - \frac{1}{2} \times 14^2 \sin(60^\circ) \\ &= 17.75 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &\approx 17.8 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Area of major segment} &= A_{\text{circle}} - 17.75 \\ &= \pi \times 14^2 - 17.75487 \\ &= 597.997 \text{ cm}^2 \\ &\approx 598.0 \text{ cm}^2 \end{aligned}$$

3 marks